

HUNG PARLIAMENT: An outbreak of democracy

by Aiden Ricketts

The dust is still settling on an extraordinary federal election; we are most likely looking at a hung parliament as nearly a quarter of voters rejected the two major parties.

Despite the duopolistic commentary flowing from the big old parties, I personally don't see a hung parliament as a bad outcome. A hung parliament is an outbreak of democracy in which the plurality of views that exist in the country get some sway.

Our lower house voting system, with its single member electorates is designed to produce a two party system that is almost immovable. Basically in each seat the candidate who can muster a bare majority after preferences gets to represent the seat and the other 49.5% of the electorate are left without a voice that represents their views.

There is an alternative called the Hare-Clark voting system, which operates in Tasmania and the ACT in which several members are selected by voters in each seat, and this allows for all significant groups of voters to gain a local rep in the parliament. A great system, but we will probably never see it at the federal level, as it would not be in the interests of the bigger parties to share power like that.

The duopoly in Australia suits the big parties and more to the point it suits the large corporate interests that donate to both big parties. To demonstrate how the system favours big parties, the Greens with nearly 10% of the vote nation-wide have won only 0.66% of the seats.

This happens partly because of the voting system and partly because the Labor party this election did a preference deal with the Liberals to fend off the Greens in winnable seats. The Libs agreed to preference Labor ahead of the Greens right across the country. This meant that in at least two seats that the Greens may have won (Batman and Wills) the Labor member was instead elected on Liberal party preferences. So a big win for the Labor Liberal duopoly there.

It must be a combination of hypocrisy and innumeracy that sees Labor campaign so aggressively against the Greens, given that in no less than 50 of the 70 or more seats that Labor is likely to win nationally, they can



candidate has announced her retirement from politics following the hard-fought contest in Page. The Greens polled strongly in the north of Page, gaining 25% of the vote in the Lismore booth and 54.66% of the primary vote in Nimbin. The southern end of the seat however is much different, with the Greens vote in Casino (6.7%) and Grafton (5%) significantly lower. Overall Greens polled nearly 11% in Page, which was well up from 6.5% in 2013 (up 4.5% although notionally considered 1.8% after redistribution).

narrow Turnbull majority, but it is good to see that minor parties and cross benchers in the lower house will not just simply be ignored in the 45th parliament. They aren't too bad a bunch, with Greens Adam Bandt, Independents Cathy McGowan and Andrew Wilkie, one or two newcomers likely from the Xenophon party and of course the redoubtable Bob Katter.

Claim and counter-claim at the Lismore pre-poll

I hope everyone enjoyed their three minutes of democracy at the polling booths, but there's another 364 days of every year to be

only do so by relying on Greens preferences. There are only 18 seats nationally that

seat narrowly with a small swing against him. Janelle Saffin, the much respected Labor

In Richmond, Greens scored a healthy

20.65% primary vote but still well behind

that of the sitting member on 31.35%. This

represented a swing to the Greens of 5.4%,

drawn from both major parties, whose votes

fell by between 2% and 3% each. Richmond

has very diverse booths, ranging from

for the Greens (Nats 40.3%)

Mullumbimby where the Greens scored

50.7% of the primary vote, (Byron 46.7%)

through to Tweed Heads West at just 9.7%

considered a bellwether because it reflects

national voting patterns very closely. The

sitting member Kevin Hogan retained the

Page is an even larger and more diverse seat,

Rivers seats.

At the time of writing, we still don't know whether we will see a hung parliament or a politically active. Elections aren't everything, but they aren't nothing either.

